



## GOVERNMENT COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING, JALGAON

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Name of Examination : **Winter 2020** - (Preview)

Course Code & Course Name : **IN303U - Signals and Systems**

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Maximum Marks : **60**

Duration : **3 Hrs**

[Edit](#) [Print](#) [View Answer Key](#) [Close](#) **Answer Key Submission Type:** Marking scheme with model answers and solutions of numerical

Instructions:

1. Illustrate your answer with suitable figures/sketches wherever necessary.
2. Assume suitable additional data; if required.
3. Use of logarithmic table, drawing instruments and non programmable calculators is allowed.
4. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

1) Solve any three questions from A,B,C and D.

- A) a. Sketch the discrete-time signal given by equation,  $x[n] = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{for } n = 1, 2 \\ -1 & \text{for } n = -1, -2 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$  [3]

Also, sketch the signal  $y[n] = x[n + 3]$

- b. Sketch the even and odd part of continuous-time signal shown in Figure-1 below. [3]

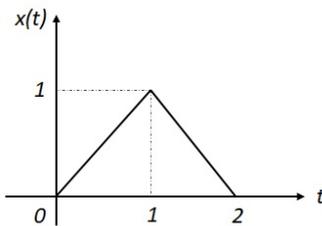


Figure-1

- B) Compute the convolution integral using graphical method for, [6]

$$x(t) = e^{-t}u(t)$$

$$h(t) = u(t)$$

- C) a. Check whether the following system is linear, time invariant, causal. [3]

$$y(t) = \cos(x(t))$$

- b. Check whether the following signals are energy, power or neither energy nor power. [3]

i.  $x(t) = e^{-a.t} \cdot u(t)$  ii.  $x[n] = u[n] - u[n - 4]$  iii.  $y[n] = \cos(\pi n)$

- D) Find the convolution sum of following two discrete-time sequences and sketch the result. [6]

$$x[n] = \begin{cases} n + 1 & \text{for } 0 \leq n \leq 2 \\ 5 - n & \text{for } 2 \leq n \leq 4 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$h[n] = \begin{cases} \frac{-n}{2} & \text{for } 2 \leq n \leq 4 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

2) Solve any three questions from A,B,C and D.

- A) State any four properties of Laplace Transform and prove convolution property of Laplace Transform. [6]

- B) State any four properties of Fourier Transform and prove time scaling property. [6]

- C) State any four properties of Z-Transform and prove differentiation property. [6]

- D) Find the initial and final value of  $x(t)$  [6]

$$X(s) = \frac{2s+3}{s^2+5s-7}$$

3) Solve any three questions from A,B,C and D.

- A) Determine the inverse Laplace Transform of [6]

$$X(s) = \frac{s^2+2s-2}{s(s+2)(s-3)}, \text{ ROC: } \text{Re}(s) > 3$$

- B) Determine the impulse response  $h(t)$  of given transfer function  $H(j\omega)$  using inverse Fourier Transform. [6]

$$H(j\omega) = \frac{j\omega+1}{(j\omega+2)(j\omega+3)}$$

- C) Using Z-transform, determine the impulse response of the causal system described by second order difference equation, [6]

$$y[n] - y[n - 1] - 0.5y[n - 2] = x[n] + x[n - 1]$$

- D) Determine all possible signals that have the Z-Transform, [6]

$$H(z) = \frac{1}{1-1.5z^{-1}+0.5z^{-2}}$$

4) State any four properties of auto-correlation function of continuous-time energy signal. Determine the cross-correlation between two signals given by, [6]

$$x[n] = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$$

$$h[n] = \{3, 2, 1, 0\}$$

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